## KALYAN COLLEGE OF NURSING RAJURA, CHANDRAPUR

## BASIC B.SC 2<sup>st</sup> SEMESTER DURATION: -3HR SUBJECT: - BIOCHEMESTRY AND NUTRITION MAXIMUM MARK:-75 PRE-FINAL EXAMINAION

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- 2) Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. Rough Work should be not be done on the Answer Sheets or anywhere on the question paper except the specific space provided for the rough work. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 7) Use a common answer book for all sections.

SECTIO	N – A (BIOCHEISTRY)
Q.1] MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION.	[6X1=06MARK]
1. Which of the following is a non-re	educing sugar?
a) Sucrose	b) Maltose
c) Glucose	d) Lactose
2. Which is the most essential fatty a	acid?
a) Linolenic acid	b) Linoleic acid
c) Arachidonic acid	d) Oleic acid
3. Non-essential amino acid are:	
a) Not needed in the diet	b) Not essential for growth
c) Not required for protein sy	ynthesis
d) Not synthesized in the boo	ly
4. Hexokinase is a:	
a) Ligase	b) Transferase
c) Oxidoreductase	d) Lyase
5. The following is a correct represe	
a) $\log_{10}[H^{\dagger}]$	b) log <sub>e</sub> [H <sup>+</sup> ]
c) log <sub>10</sub> [1/H <sup>+</sup> ]	d) log <sub>e</sub> [1/H <sup>+</sup> ]
	e absence of urobilinogen suggested
, ·	b) Obstructive jaundice
c) Hepatocellular Jaundice	
Q.2] BREIF ANSWER QUESTION (ANY	2) [2X2=4 MARK]
1) Oral Glucose Tolerance Test	
2) Serum protein electrophoresis	
3) Respiratory acidosis	
4) Van den Bergh Test	
Q.3] SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (	(ANY 1) [1X5=5 MARK]
1) Thyroid function test	
2) Hinge region of Immunoglobulin	
Q.4] LONG ANSWER QUESTION (ANY	1) [1X10=10 MARK]
	rtant buffers present in the body? Explain the role
of various buffers in the regulation of blood	

2) Classify immunoglobulin? Described the structure of immunoglobulin.

## SECTION - B (NUTRITION)

Q.1] M	ULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION.	(ANY 2) [1X7=7 MARK]
	1. Head circumference measure	ments are useful in which age of children?
	a) Below 5 years	b) Below 3 years
	c) Below 2 years	d) Below 10 years
	2. Food to be included in fever a	are:
	a) High fiber food	b) Fried fatty food
	c) Plenty of fluids	d) Raw vegetables
3. Pregnant women need how n		
	a) 30 mg/day	b) 36 mg/day
	c) 35 mg/day	d) 33 mg/day
		elp measures of food source and technology is:
	a) CFTR	b) CARE
	c) FAO	d) NIN
	5. AWW provides direct link to	
	a) People and Government	
	c) Children and mother	d) Government and children
	6. At birth average of height of ne	ewborn is:
	a) 29cm	b) 50cm
	c) 40cm	d) 75cm
	7. Sterility may be caused due to	deficiency:
	a) Vitamin E	b) Vitamin C
	c) Vitamin D	d) Vitamin A
Q.2] BI	RIEF ANSWER QUESTION (ANY	4) [2X4=8 MARK]
1.	Define food safety.	
2.	What are the methods of nutritional a	assessment?
3.	Define pasteurization.	
	Define nutritive value of foods.	
•	What are amino acids?	
Q.3] S	HORT ANSWER QUESTION (ANY	(4) [5X5=25 MARK]
	Body mass index.	
	Special feeding technique.	
	Principle method of cooking.	and the state of the second of the second
	Five keys to safer food.	
	National mid-day meal scheme.  Assessment of nutritional status.	
	Therapeutic diet.	
	ONG ANSWER QUESTION (ANY	1) [1X10=10 MARK]
	preservation and food storage.	servation. Described the various methods of food
	·	et plan children. Explain the principles and steps
	in meal planning.	e plan emicron. Explain the principles and steps